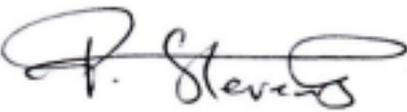




# Hunnyhill Primary School

Date of Review	November 2021
Next Review Due	November 2023
Staff Responsibility	Finance Manager
Responsibility FGB/Committee	FGB
Signed by Chair of Governors	

## Debt Recovery Policy

### Statement of intent

**Hunnyhill Primary School** is committed to ensuring equal opportunities for all pupils, regardless of financial circumstances, and has established policies and procedures to ensure that no child is discriminated against by our offering of school trips, activities and educational extras.

While this is the case, Hunnyhill Primary School must have a policy in place to ensure the repayment and recuperation of any outstanding debts incurred by the school on behalf of a pupil, including fees for school meals and after school clubs. The school will take all reasonable measures to vigorously collect debts as part of its management of public funds. A debt will be written off only after all reasonable measures (commensurate with the size and nature of the debt) have been taken to recover it.

Each case is to be treated individually and the circumstances that have led to the outstanding debt will be taken into account to determine the best course of action and whether it is fair and reasonable to pursue the debt in its entirety if at all. Hunnyhill Primary School is committed to adhering to legal requirements regarding charging for school food, activities and materials, and meeting all statutory guidance provided by the DfE.

#### **1. Legal framework**

This policy will adhere to the relevant legislation and statutory guidance surrounding school payments and debt recovery.

#### **2. Roles and responsibilities**

As a general rule, to avoid incurring debts, payments for materials and services provided by the school should be collected in advance or at the point of sale.

Any person(s) involved in the monitoring, recording and pursuing of debts owed to the school must formally record any information gathered and actions taken – data which is to be kept by the school for a period of seven years.

The school's finance monitoring governor:

- Will regularly review details of its debts and what recovery action is needed.
- Must be consulted if legal services are required for debt recovery.
- Will adhere to the privacy rights of pupils and their guardians in all cases.
- May decide, (in conjunction with the Chair or Vice Chair of Governors) to leave a case of debt recovery to the decision of the headteacher.

The Headteacher will ensure:

- Debt reminders are recorded and those records maintained for a period of **seven** years – dates and times of letters, phone calls, emails, conversations or any other correspondence.
- Instances of debt are judged on an individual basis, with consideration of the nature of the debt and the circumstances of the family involved.
- The privacy of the pupil and their family will be protected by all staff.
- The level of outstanding debt owed to the school can be determined at short notice.

### **Acceptable 'credit period'**

In the case of a debt, the **Headteacher** will agree upon a 'credit period' within which the debtor can pay the outstanding sum before debt recovery procedures are exercised. This period of time may vary, at the discretion of the Headteacher, depending on the nature and size of the debt. The school will work with the debtor to agree to a payment plan if necessary.

### **Declaring outstanding debt levels**

- The Headteacher and SBM will review the level of outstanding debts every month to determine whether current debt levels are acceptable and whether current methods and procedures to recover debts are effective.
- Any individual cases of debt that are deemed to require intervention will then be pursued by the procedure starting from section five of this policy.

### **Debt recovery procedures**

- Where there is an outstanding payment yet to be received and the acceptable credit period has been surpassed, an official invoice should be created outlining the value and reason for the debt, as well as the debtor's identity.
- Upon creating the invoice and stipulating a date on which it must be paid by, there is acknowledgement from the school that the debt has been set up.

### **Verbal and written overdue payment reminders**

**Initial verbal reminder** – informal in-person/telephone/email correspondence notifying person of debt (date and time should be officially recorded).

**First formal written reminder** – an official, dated letter addressed to the debtor should be written up two weeks after the first informal reminder and should acknowledge that it took place.

**Second formal written reminder** – this should come two weeks after the second reminder, citing the details of both previous reminders and stating that concerted efforts have been made to make the person aware that an outstanding debt is overdue.

**Failure to respond** - If these reminders are not responded to, another letter will be sent to the debtor advising them that the case has been to the school's legal advisors and the School Governing Board. It is then for these parties to agree on a time-frame for a repayment or, if necessary, a payment plan for separate instalments.

### **Negotiation of debt repayment**

It is expected that the debt should be repaid as soon as possible, particularly after repeated reminders; however, this can be negotiated at the discretion of the Headteacher, particularly if the circumstances in section nine of this policy apply.

If there is a case where the debtor is deemed to be refusing to pay without sufficient reason, the school will consider involving Local Authority legal services to resolve the issue and recuperate owed funds.

### **Exceptional circumstances and remissions**

The school will ensure that guardians of pupils are aware of the help the school can extend to those in financial

difficulty. Guardians who **may** be eligible for remissions are those in receipt of certain benefits:

- In a case where there is, or it is suspected that there is, an overdue debt from a family who may qualify for remissions, details of the different types of bursary available should be sent to the debtor in question.
- The governing board is not guaranteed to, but may decide to, waive or reduce the outstanding debt in these circumstances, taking into account the advice of the Headteacher.
- Please see the school's Charging & Remissions Policy

#### **Debt recovery costs**

- In addition to the remission allowances outlined in section nine, it may be advisable to waive or partially waive debts where it is deemed that it does not make financial sense to continue allocating time and resources to pursuing.
- The governing board will review any case in which debt may be waived, and come to a final decision based on the value of costs versus value of the debt, taking into account the advice of the Headteacher.